
Multivariable Calculus

Math 212 Spring 2006
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Fowler 112 MWF 8:30pm - 9:25am
<http://faculty.oxy.edu/ron/math/212/06/>

Class 9: Friday February 10

SUMMARY Visualizing Multivariable Functions

CURRENT READING Williamson & Trotter, Section 4.2

HOMEWORK Williamson & Trotter, page 192: # 1, 4, **9, 10**, 18

DEFINITION

The **graph** of a scalar function of a vector variable $f(\vec{x})$ is defined to be the set of ordered pairs $(\vec{x}, f(\vec{x}))$ where \vec{x} is in the domain of f . In this case we say that the graph of f is **explicitly** represented by f .

In practice the only scalar functions of a vector function that we can really get a good handle on visually are either of the type $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ or $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. These are $(x, f(x))$ and $(x, y, f(x, y))$ respectively. We know all about the first case so we will be concentrating on the second case, which are often called **surfaces** and denoted $z = f(x, y)$ so that the ordered pair looks like (x, y, z) .

EXAMPLE 1

Graph the function $f(x, y) = 1 - x^2 - y^2$.

DEFINITION

The **level set** of a scalar function of a vector variable $f(\vec{x})$ is defined to be the set of values \vec{x} in the domain of f such that $f(\vec{x}) = k$.

EXAMPLE 2

Describe the level sets of $f(x, y) = 1 - x^2 - y^2$.

Computer Generated Graphing

Go to the website <http://hypatia.math.uri.edu/~bkaskosz/flashmo/tools/>

GroupWork

Use the appropriate program to generate graphs of

(a) $f(x, y) = \frac{\sin(x^2 + y^2)}{x^2 + y^2}$ on $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$, $-\pi \leq y \leq \pi$

(b) $x = \cos(2t)$, $y = 3 \sin(2t)$, $z = t/4$ for $0 \leq t \leq 20\pi$

(c) $x = t^5$, $y = t^2$ for $0 \leq t \leq 2$

Exercise

Williamson & Trotter, page 192, #2. Consider the function $g(x, y) = \ln(x + y)$.

- Describe the domain of g , making it as large as possible.
- For what values of (x, y) does the graph of g lie above the xy -plane?
- Draw sketches of the level sets of g as well as vertical slices at $x = 0$ and $y = 0$
- Describe the image of g

Exercise

Williamson & Trotter, page 192, #13. Describe the $k = 0$ level set of $f(x, y, z) = xyz$.