

The product and quotient rules.

Recall: $[f(x) + g(x)]' = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$;

or, more briefly;

$$[f + g]' =$$

Example: $[x^4 + \sin(x)]' = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

Wouldn't it be nice if we also had the simple rule: $[f(x) \cdot g(x)]' = f'(x) \cdot g'(x)$? $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

Unfortunately, THIS RULE IS WRONG! :-)

Product rule: $[f(x) \cdot g(x)]' = f'(x) \cdot g(x) + f(x) \cdot g'(x)$.

Or more briefly:

$$[fg]' =$$

Example: $[x^4 \cdot \sin(x)]' = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

1. Now do the following exercises. (You don't need to simplify.)

(a) $[x^5 \cos(x)]' =$

(b) $[x^5 \cos(19)]' =$

(c) $[e^x \ln(x)]' =$

(d) $(x^3 \cdot 3^x)' =$

(e) $(2^x \cdot 3^x)' =$

Quotient rule:

$$\left[\frac{f}{g}\right]' = \frac{f'g - fg'}{g^2}$$

2. Now do the following exercises. (You don't need to simplify.)

(a) $[x^5/(1+x)]' =$

(b) $[e^5/\cos(x)]' =$

(c) $[(x^2 - 4)/(x + 2)]' =$

(d) $[\sin(x)/\cos(x)]' =$

So, $[\tan(x)]' =$

True or False? $[(x^5 + 8)^2]' = 2(x^5 + 8)$.

3. (a) Find the derivative of $f(x) = (x^5 + 8)^2$ by first multiplying out, and then differentiating.

(b) Find the derivative of $f(x) = (x^5 + 8)^2$ by rewriting it as $f(x) = (x^5 + 8)(x^5 + 8)$ and using the product rule.

4. Let $f(x) = \ln(x)/x$, and $g(x) = x/e^{-x}$.

(a) Find $f(1)$ and $g(1)$.

(b) Find $f'(1)$ and $g'(1)$.

5. Suppose $r(5) = 2$, $r'(5) = 3$, $s(5) = 7$, $s'(5) = -4$.

(a) Let $d(x) = r(x) + s(x)$. Find $d(5)$. Find $d'(5)$.

(b) Let $p(x) = r(x) \cdot s(x)$. Find $p(5)$. Find $p'(5)$.

(c) Let $q(x) = r(x)/s(x)$. Find $q(5)$. Find $q'(5)$.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Homework, due Friday, 10/16/98: HH, section 4.3 : 2, 3, 15, 18, 27, 35.

Second exam: Thursday 10/29, in Lab.