Example

Recall that in Class #5 we were given the following rate equation: $y' = 1 + \sqrt{y}$. (a) We want to know what the rate of change of y when y = 1.8

(b) Suppose that when t = 0, y = 1.8, use Euler's Method with $\Delta t = .25$ to find y(1)

GROUPWORK

Today we will be doing a number of calculations in small groups. The point of these exercises is for each of you to get even more hands-on experience with computing solutions using **Euler's Method**.

(a)
$$y' = 1 + y^2$$
, $y(0) = 0$, $\Delta t = .25$ or .5 with $t \in [0, 2]$
(b) $y' = 2\sqrt{y}$, $y(1) = 1$, $\Delta t = .25$ or .5 with $t \in [1, 3]$
(c) $y' = e^{-y}$, $y(2) = 0$, $\Delta t = .25$ or .5 with $t \in [2, 4]$
(d) $y' = y + 3$, $y(0) = -2$, $\Delta t = .5$ or 1 with $t \in [0, 4]$
(e) $y' = \frac{1}{2y}$, $y(1) = 1$, $\Delta t = .5$ or 1 with $t \in [1, 5]$

DIRECTIONS

Form groups of 3 or 4. Choose one of the rate equations (above) and a value of Δt and then compute **four steps** of Euler's Method to approximate the solution of the rate equation. Fill out the table below.

t	У	y'	Δy		

In Class # 6 we were introduced to the S-I-R Model of disease.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} S' &=& -.00001SI, & S(0) = 45400 \\ I' &=& .00001SI & - 1/14I, & I(0) = 2100 \\ R' &=& 1/14I, & R(0) = 2500 \end{array}$$

Let's confirm our calculations of how S, I and R change with time over the space of 4 days by approximating the solution of the model by using Euler's Method with $\Delta t = 1$ day

t	S	Ι	R	S'	I'	R'	ΔS	ΔI	ΔR

ANNOUNCEMENTS

REMINDER Exam #1 is scheduled for **Thursday September 24** in your lab section **HOMEWORK** DO Page 52 in *CiC* 5, 6, 7 to hand in Fri Sep 18.